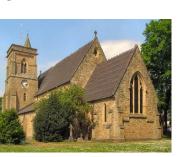
Geography Year 2 – Term Autumn 1: What would The Lonely Beast find exciting about our local area?



What do I need to know from previous topics?				Кеу
	We live in the United Kingdom in a country called England.	There are lots of different places to visit in our local area of Walkden.	WALKDEN	Vocabulary detached
	What will I need to reme	mber for future learning?	B2222 Long	terraced
	A compass has four main directions which are North,	London is the capital of England; Cardiff the capital	<u>Key Landmarks in our</u> local area:	bungalow
	East, South and West. Part of the compass (the needle) will always point North	of Wales, Edinburgh the capital of Scotland and Belfast the capital of Northern Ireland.	The Ellesmere Centre St. Paul's Church Blackleach Country	compass
	A map is a specially drawn picture of a place from	Maps often use symbols instead of words to label real-	Park	key
	above.	life features and make the maps clearer.		capital city
	Capital cities are usually very large and lots of people like	There are different types of housing in our local area,		
	to visit them.	such as detached, semi- detached, terraced, bungalow and flats.		<u>Key Texts</u> TI Ji
				and the second sec

Key Vocabulary	Definition Grompton
detached	A house that is not joined to any other house
terraced	One of a row of three or more houses joined together.
bungalow	A house that is all on one level .
compass	a special tool that helps you know which direction you are facing.
key	A list of symbols used on map to help us to understand it better
capital city	The city where the government and leaders work to make important decisions about a country.

The Lonely Beast by Chris Judge





Science Year 2 Autumn 1: What is your school made of?

What do I need to know from previous topics?			
Glass is often used to make windows and bottles.	Wood is used to make buildings and furniture and for making fires and heating.		
Plastics are used to make many of the things we use in everyday life. They are used for toys, bicycle helmets, mobile phones, window frames and many other items use plastic.			
What will I need to remember for future learning?			
Some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.	Materials can be natural or man- made.		

Glass is used as it is strong, hard, smooth, easily washable and transparent.

<u>Key Texts</u> If I Built A School by Van Dusen





Important People John Dunlop Charles Macintosh John McAdam

Key Vocabulary	Definition 'Crompton Street
metal	When heated, metals can be shaped into anything from a tiny paperclip to a huge aircraft.
plastic	Plastics are made from natural materials such as wood, coal and oil.
wood	Wood is a material that comes from trees and is used to make furniture, floors and many other things.
squashing	Squashing is pushing things closely together.
bending	Bending is changing the shape and direction of something.
twisting	To twist something you move part clockwise and the other anticlockwise.
stretching	Stretching is making something bigger by pulling it to make it longer.







P.S.H.E. Year 2 – Autumn 1: Me and My Relationships

What will I know by the end of the unit?		
Rules are needed to help make the classroom safe, happy and good for learning.	We have feelings all the time. Sometimes those feelings make us feel good and sometimes they don't.	teasin
When people bully, they do it often, or even every time and deliberately. Bullying is: hurtful, repetitive and intentional	ad deliberately. between friends, hurting someone accidentally or borrowing something	
intentional. Hurtful behaviour (offline or online) including teasing, name calling, bullying and deliberately excluding	and forgetting to return it. Friends try to do kind things towards each other.	rules
others is not acceptable. Good friends mostly: share their things, look after each other, are kind, notice if someone is being left out or feeling lonely and help each other with their work.	Good friends don't: act selfishly towards others, ignore each other, leave people out, stop listening to each other or start telling lies.	<u>Key D</u> 10 th C World HealtI
 <u>British Values - Democracy</u> Making decisions together Everyone has the right to an opinion/voice 	Septem Septem	Mini

ey Vocabulary	Definition
asing	making fun of or repeatedly bothering a person
llying	repetitive, intentional hurting of one person or group by another person or group
es	a law or direction that guides behavior or action

<u>Dates</u> October: d Mental Ith Day



ompton Street

- .
- •

We vote for our school council members.

We listen to others opinions in class.



Minds



Uniqueasaurus

Art Year 2 Autumn: Frida Kahlo- Portraits (Drawing and Painting)



What do I need to know from previous topics?

Primary colours can be mixed to create secondary colours.

Primary colours cannot be made by mixing any other colours together.

What will I need to remember for future learning?

Tone is how light or dark something is. We can create tone in our drawings by applying different pressures with our pencils. Tertiary colours are what we get when we combine a primary

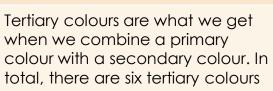
Little People, Big Dreams:

Key texts

Frida Kahlo

Adding a small amount of black or white paint to an existing colour can change its tone.

Watercolours are a type of paint that can be mixed with water to create layers of colour on paper.



On the colour wheel, tertiary colours are always inbetween primary and secondary colours

Key artists and artwork Frida Kahlo-Self Portrait dedicated to Dr. Eloesser



Key Vocabulary	Definition
Frida Kahlo	a painter whose artwork was inspired by her country and culture
Tertiary colour	a combination of a primary and secondary colour
pattern	a design that repeats by line, shape or colour
tone	how light or dark something is
portrait	a representation of a particular person. A self-portrait is a portrait of the artist by the artist.

Design and Technology Year 2 Autumn

Textiles- Cushions

Street

Design brief: Design and make a cushion for Goldilocks

	Key	Definition
What will I know by the end of the unit?		
A 3d textiles product can be assembled from two identical fabric shapes.	fabric	a woven or knitted material either made from thread or yarn
Finishing techniques can be used to decorate a textile product.	embroider	to decorate fabric with stitches.
Techniques and diagrams:	applique	to attach a decorative fabric item onto another piece of fabric by gluing and/or sewing.
Exploring and evaluating joining techniques	sew	to join pieces of fabric with stitches
Stapling Safety pin	fray	to unravel or become worn at the edge
Joining fabric	template	a shape drawn to assist in cutting out shapes.
Sewing		
	<section-header> by the end of the unit? A 3d textiles product can be assembled from two identical fabric shapes. Finishing techniques can be used to decorate a textile product. Dechniques and diagrams: Exploring and evaluating joining techniques Stapling Stapling</section-header>	by the end of the unit? Key Vocabulary A 3d textiles product can be assembled from two identical fabric shapes. fabric Finishing techniques can be used to decorate a textile product. embroider Dechniques and diagrams: applique Steploring and evaluating joining techniques sew fay fay Joining fabric pinning Vocabulary fabric

RE Year 2 Autumn 1: What is the 'good news' that Christians believe Jesus brings?

Key Texts



What do I need to know from previous topics?

Jesus chose 12 special friends to help him. They are called his disciples.

Jesus told many stories to his friends and followers.

Our school Christian values are Peace, Thankfulness, Compassion, Creation, Friendship and Forgiveness.



Matthew the Tax Collector	Gompton Stre		
(Matthew 9)	Key Vocabulary	Definition	
	Christian values	values that come from the teachings of Jesus.	
	peace	no wars or conflict. Peace can also mean feeling happy and restful.	
	forgiveness	to let go of anger or blame	
St George's Crypt HELPING THE HOMELESS SINCE 1930	friendship	showing love to our friends. Helping them in times of need.	
	good news	the ways that Jesus taught his followers to live	
	leader	someone who coaches, guides or inspires others	

What will I need to remember for future learning?

Jesus was a friend to the friendless. He helped those that others turned their back on.

Jesus taught Christians, forgive and you will be forgiven.

Jesus brings his followers peace.

Christians today carry out the 'good news' of Jesus by helping others.

Church buildings help Christians to feel peaceful and close to God.

