#### History Year 1 Spring 1 Could you be the next Great Explorer?

#### What will I know by the end of the unit?

Neil Armstrong was the first human to walk on the moon during the NASA Apollo 11 mission on 20th July 1969. When Neil Armstrong took those first steps on the Moon in July 1969, he was joined by Buzz Aldrin.

Christopher Columbus was a sailor. His first voyage nearly ended in disaster as his ship was attacked and set on fire by pirates.

There are lots of reasons why someone might be considered to be important in history. It might be that their actions changed things for people or that they achieved something great.

Christopher Columbus sailed from Europe to America in 1492 along with his sailors across the Atlantic Ocean. He died aged 54 in Valladolid, Spain.

Explorers are remembered in lots of different ways. Some explorers have places named after them. Some have their pictures on stamps or there might be statues to commemorate them.

Timeline -	Christopher	Columbus
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1451	Christopher Columbus was born. Many people believe he was born in Italy. He then lived in Portugal.
1485	He arrived in Spain.
August 1492	He left Spain with three ships and sailed west.
12 <sup>th</sup> October 1492	He landed in the Bahamas, North America. He called this land the 'New World'.
1493	Columbus made another voyage to Lesser Antilles, South America.
1498	Columbus made a voyage to Trinidad, North America.
1502	Columbus made another voyage to North America.
1506	He died in Spain.

Timeline - Neil Armstrong	
1930	Neil Armstrong was born in Ohio, USA.
1955	He became a test pilot at a High-Speed
	Flight Station.
1962	He began training to be an astronaut.
1966	He first went to space as commander of
	the Gemini 8 mission.
1969	Armstrong became the first person to
	land on the moon as part of the Apollo
	11 mission with Buzz Aldrin.
1971	He taught at the University of
	Cincinnati.
1985	Armstrong took part in an expedition to
	the North Pole.
2012	He died in Ohio, USA.









discover





Key Voc	cabulary
sailor	A person whose job it is to work on a boat.
explorer	A person who sets out to discover a new or unfamiliar area.
astronaut	A person who goes into space.
information	Understanding facts.
past	Something that has already happened.
present	Something that is happening now.
mission	A specific task a person has to do.

To find or see something before

anyone else.

## Art Year 1 Spring: Ron Embleton- Great Fire of London (Drawing and Painting, Textiles)

What do	I need to	know from	previous	topics?
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Primary colours can be mixed to create secondary colours.

The primary colours are red, yellow and blue.

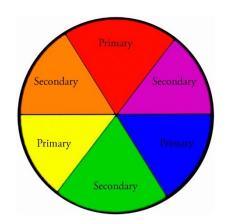
We can draw with lots of different materials to make different lines. Some materials make thicker lines than others.

#### What will I need to remember for future learning?

The secondary colours are green, purple and orange. They are made by mixing different combinations of primary colours.

We use weaving to make lots of things like chairs, baskets, clothes and rugs.

#### Key texts



# Key artists and artwork

Ron Embleton- Great Fire



A C

Key Vocabulary	Definition
weaving	action of forming fabric by interlacing threads
Secondary colours	a colour resulting from the mixing of two primary colours
loom	equipment used to weave fabric
warp	threads which run up and down. They need to be strong to hold the structure in place.
weft	threads which run left to right, weaving in and out of the warp

### **RE Year 1 Spring 1 God and Creation**

What do I need to know from previous topics?

Christians believe that God created the world.

What will I need to remember for future learning?

The creation story is at the very beginning of the **Old Testament** of the bible.

Christians believe that people should be taking care of our world.

The Hindu gods **Brahma** and **Vishnu** are part of the Hindu creation story.

Key Vocabulary

Definition

The action or process of something being made.

Thankfulness

The feeling of being happy and grateful because of something.

Old Testament

The first part of the Christian Bible.

Christian

A person who believes in Christianity.

Hindu

A person who follows Hinduism.

## Key Texts:

Genesis 1:1-2.3





 Link to creation of the Snowman



## P.S.H.E. Year 1 Spring 1 Keeping Myself Safe

What will I know by the end of the unit?		
Exercise and sleep are important parts of a healthy lifestyle.	The body gets energy from food, water and air (oxygen).	
It is important to tell someone (such as a teacher) if something about their family makes them unhappy or worried.	Medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill.	
Household products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly.	We all have the right to say "no" to unwanted touch.	

Key Dates Mini	Minds
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6<sup>th</sup> February-Safer Internet Day 17th February-Random acts of kindness day 5<sup>th</sup>-9<sup>th</sup> February- Children's Mental Health Week





Braveasaurous Dr

Dreamasaurous

#### British Values – Individual Liberty

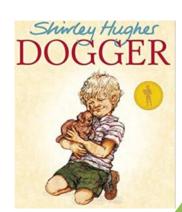
- We value everyone's input and opinions.
- We try to see things from other's point of view.
- We are encouraged to make choices for ourselves in a safe and supportive environment.

Key Vocabulary	<b>Definition</b> Gompton S
Medicine	Something (as a pill or liquid) used to prevent, cure, or relieve a disease.
Healthy	Being sound and well; not sick.
Energy	Energy is the ability to do work and a very important part of how we live.
Consent	Consent means giving someone a choice about touch or actions and respecting their answer.
Private	Not to be shared with anyone else.

# Key Texts:

NSPCC Pants rule





# Science Year 1 Spring 1 What materials could we use to make Callum's new house?

What do I need to know from previous units?		
We can use our senses to explore different natural materials.	Natural materials are made of things from nature not humans.	
What will I know by the end of the unit?		
Materials have different physical properties which makes them useful for different things.	We use lots of different materials everyday e.g. metal, plastic, wood and glass.	
Materials can be sorted according to their properties E.g. hard, soft, waterproof, rough etc.	Opaque objects can't be seen through.	
Transparent objects can be seen through. Glass is a transparent material.	If something is waterproof, it keeps water out and it keeps things dry.	
marchai.	Materials:	
Key diagrams:	plastic wood metal	

Key Vocabulary	Definition Crompton St
Material	Materials are what an object is made from.
Properties	The property of a material is something about it that we can measure, see or feel and helps us decide whether or not it is the best material.
Absorbent	If something is absorbent, it soaks liquid up
Rough	If something is rough, it feels and looks uneven or bumpy.
Shiny	Reflects light easily.
Waterproof	If something is waterproof, it keeps water out. It keeps things dry.
Dull	Doesn't reflect light. Doesn't look bright or shiny.
Transparent	Transparent objects can be seen through.

# **Key Texts**

